


Print view of '8543 Quiz 3'

 [Print this page](#)

Question 1.

The DEA is located in which federal department?

- Department of Labor
- Department of Commerce
- Department of Health and Human Services
- Department of Justice

Question 2.

What is the legal significance of the Pharmacist's Manual, published by the DEA?

- Statute
- Regulation
- Rule
- Guideline

Question 3.

According to the Poison Prevention Packaging Act, child resistant packaging refers to packaging that is designated to be, among other things:

- I. Significantly difficult for children under 5 to open within a reasonable time
- II. Significantly difficult for adults to open within a reasonable time
- III. Child-proof

- I only
- III only
- I and III
- I, II, and III

Question 4.

Which of the following federal agencies was developed to prevent business practices such as predatory pricing?

- OSHA
- FTC
- HHS
- DEA

Question 5.

Which of the following agencies is **NOT** situated within the US Department of Health and Human Services?

- Social Security Administration
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- National Institutes of Health
- Indian Health Service

Question 6.

Which of the following entities may justifiably claim jurisdiction over pharmacist compounding in specific circumstances?

- I. FDA
- II. DEA
- III. WA BOP

- I only
- III only
- I and III
- I, II, and III

Question 7.

Which of the following statements is **FALSE** with respect to the FDA's *Compliance Policy Guide* 460.200?

- Pharmacists' traditional compounding of reasonable quantities of drugs upon receipt of valid prescriptions is not within the scope of the Guide
- FDA will defer to state authorities regarding minor violations of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act related to pharmacy compounding
- The Guide is intended to warn pharmacists against engaging in specific actions that will invariably entail FDA sanctions
- The Guide was reinstated in response to the U.S. Supreme Court's quashing of Section 503A of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act

Question 8.

According to the FDA's *Compliance Policy Guide* 460.200, which of the following acts does **NOT** constitute a factor the FDA will take into account in deciding whether or not to engage in enforcement action against a pharmacist?

- Compounding a drug for a physician, who will then resell the drug to patients who need it
- Compounding a drug listed on Schedule II of the CSA
- Using drug substances without first obtaining written assurance from the supplier that each lot of the drug substance has been made in an FDA-registered facility
- Using drug components not guaranteed to meet official compendia requirements

Question 9.

Which of the following is **NOT** part of the American Pharmaceutical Association's Code of Ethics for Pharmacists?

- A pharmacist serves individual, community, and societal needs
- A pharmacist maintains professional competence
- A pharmacist ensures that therapies are dispensed for legitimate medical purposes
- A pharmacist seeks justice in the distribution of health resources

Question 10.

According to the WAC, Good Compounding Practices include:

I. Keeping written records of the ingredients, quantities, and procedures used to compound

II. Segregating the compounding area of the pharmacy from the rest of the pharmacy

III. Labeling excess product with information such as ingredients and preparation date

I only

III only

I and III

I, II, and III